## PSET 3 - DUE FEBRUARY 24

Note the date change for this Pset! Due Thursday at 11:00 a.m., before class.

1. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n}$ be a linear transformation and let $P$ denote a paralellpiped in $\mathbb{R}^{n}$ formed by the vectors $\left\{v_{1}, \cdots, v_{n}\right\}$. Let $m(T)$ denote the matrix of the transformation of $T$ using the standard basis in $\mathbb{R}^{n}$. Finally, let $T(P)$ denote the image of the parallelpiped under the transformation $T$. Prove

$$
\operatorname{vol}(T(P))=|\operatorname{det}(m(T))| \operatorname{vol}(P) .
$$

(5 pts)
2. 14.4: 23 (5 pts)
3. Let $P$ represent the plane containing the points $(1,0,0),(3,2,4),(1,-1,1)$. Find the point on the plane that minimizes the distance between the plane and the origin.
Remark: You should solve this problem without using an optimization technique (don't take any derivatives). You can justify this point minimizes distance using the geometry of vectors. (5 pts)
4. $14.9: 12$ ( 5 pts )
5. 14.9:15 (5 pts)
6. $14.13: 16$ ( 5 pts )

The problems from Chapter 14 refer to Apostol Volume I.

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### 18.024 Multivariable Calculus with Theory

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