**Organic Chemistry 5.13** 

September 5, 2003 Prof. Timothy F. Jamison

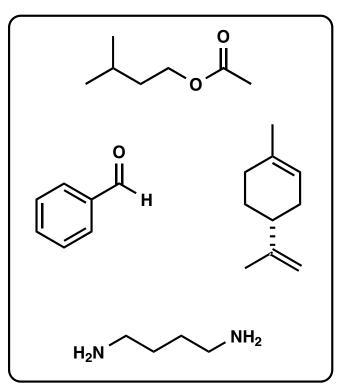
## Notes for Lecture #2

Organic Structure Determination: Infrared Spectroscopy (IR)

## Molecules of the Day

Isoamyl acetate – *banana* Benzaldehyde – *almonds (R)–*Limonene – *lemon, lime* 1,4-Diaminobutane – *a.k.a. putrescine* 

Imagine that four unlabelled vials, each containing one of our four "Molecules of the Day", had somehow become mixed up. How could IR spectroscopy (instead of your sense of smell) be employed to identify the contents of each vial?



## Three-Stage Strategy for Organic Structure Determination

- Determine the molecular formula using elemental analysis and mass spectrometry
- Identify the **functional groups** using **infrared spectroscopy** (IR) and **nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy** (NMR).
- Elucidate the connectivity using <sup>1</sup>H NMR ("proton NMR") and <sup>13</sup>C NMR ("carbon NMR") spectroscopy.

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