## **Practice Questions**

1. Which  $x^*$  gives the minimum of  $y(x) = x^2 + 2x$ ? Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ . 2. Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  for  $y(x) = x^2 + 2x$ . This is > 0 so parabola bends up. 3. Find the maximum height of  $y(x) = 2 + 6x - x^2$ . Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ . 4. Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  to show that this parabola bends down. 5. For  $y(x) = x^4 - 2x^2$  show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$  at x = -1, 0, 1. Find y(-1), y(0), y(-1). 6. Now  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^3 - 4x$ . What is the second derivative  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ ?

7. At a minimum point explain why 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$
 and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} > 0$ .  
8. Bending down  $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} < 0\right)$  changes to bending up  
 $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} > 0\right)$  at a point of \_\_\_\_\_\_: At this point  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$   
Does  $y = x^2$  have such a point? Does  $y = \sin x$  have such a point?  
9. Suppose  $x + X = 12$ . What is the maximum of  $x$  times  $X$ ?  
This question asks for the maximum of  $y = x(12 - x) = 12x - x^2$ .  
Find where the slope  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 12 - 2x$  is zero. What is  $x$  times  $X$ ?

Resource: Highlights of Calculus Gilbert Strang

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