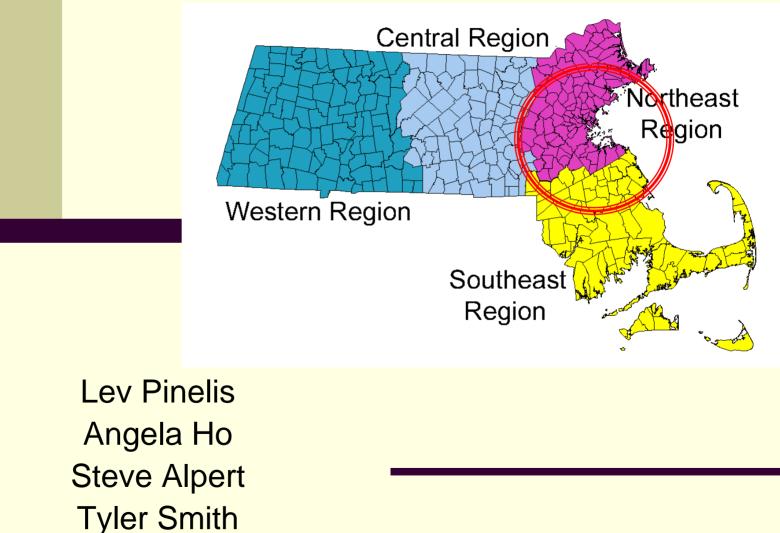
Boston Regional ITS

Architecture



There are risks and costs to a program of action. But they are far less than the longrange risks and costs of comfortable inaction.

John F. Kennedy (1917 - 1963)

Bottom Line

Institutional Change

- Fragmented individual agencies
- Consolidated Operations Center required
- Use of Technology
 - Need to leverage on the potentials, benefits and flexibilities that ITS brings to the system



Stakeholder Identified Regional Needs

- Safety and Security
- Communications Infrastructure
- Operations and Maintenance
- Congestion Management
- Transit Demand
- Para-Transit Efficiency
- Information Sharing

Assessment: Needs analysis captures regional requirements.

Safety and Security (1 of 7)

IN ITS PLAN:

- Event (Incident/Accident) management
- Information Sharing
- Transit Call Boxes

Critique of Plan:

- Focus on Security
- Reactive vs. Proactive

- Pedestrian Safety
- Consolidated Operations Center
- Port Security
- CVO Security

Communications Infrastructure (2 of 7)

IN ITS PLAN:

- Communication Direct Lines
- Computer Aided Dispatch/ Actual Vehicle Location
- Massachusetts Interagency Video Information System (MIVIS)

Critique of Plan:

- Identified cost of leased lines...new fix to old problem.
- Failed to capture structure problems.

- Leverage Technology
- Consolidated Operations Center

Operations and Maintenance (3 of 7)

IN ITS PLAN

- Event management
- Information Sharing
- Computer Aided Dispatching (CAD)/Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL)
- 511
- Signal Priorities

Critique of Plan:

- Focus on response to incidents
- Fails to address integration or consolidation of assets

- Consolidated Operations Center
- Cooperative Maintenance plans

Congestion Management (4 of 7)

- The average driver was stuck in traffic or forced to drive below the posted speed limit for 51 hours in 2003, and Boston ranks 13th worst congested city in the U.S. (Texas Transportation Institute)
- "Improve congestion through congestion management"

IN ITS PLAN:

- Event Reporting System
- Expansion of MIVIS
- 511

- Congestion Pricing
- Variable Parking Pricing Scheme

Transit Demand (5 of 7)

- More than 20% of daily trips in Boston Metro are transit trips
- Need to improve transit service to improve transit demand
- IN ITS PLAN:
 - CAD
 - AVL
 - Transit Signal Priority

- Transit ITS initiatives satisfactory
- Coordinate with Congestion Management efforts

Paratransit Efficiency (6 of 7)

 Paratransit service providers desire ITS solutions to improve their efficiency

IN ITS PLAN:

- CAD
- AVL
- **511**

ON TRACK FOR EFFICIENT OPERATIONS:

- Better coordination with fixed-route transit
- Combined paratransit trips

Information Sharing (7 of 7)

Need for information sharing amongst the numerous Boston agencies including traffic data, information on incident or other events, and video feeds

IN ITS PLAN:

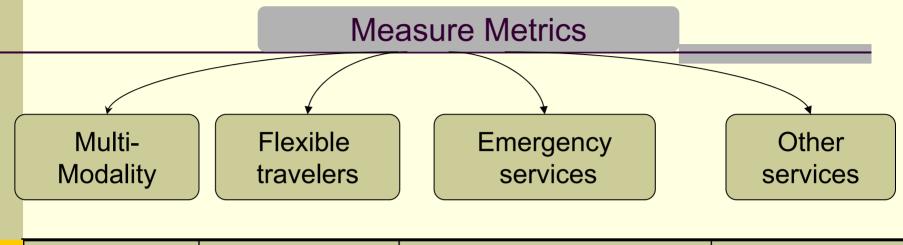
- Event Reporting System
- Expansion of MIVIS
- Transportation Data Archiving System

SOLID COMMUNICATIONS SETUP WILL BE CRUTIAL

- Common operations center
- Wireless Local Area Network (LAN)



User-Centric Systems



Boston Architecture	MBTA Integrated Regional Fare Cards	511 VMS	 Emergency Management Network Interagency Communications Network Event reporting and Video Integration Systems 	Cashless & Convenient
Brade	С	В	A	С



Flexibility

- Ability to change future configuration
- Uncertainty Management => Adds value
- Types
 - Fiscal, Institutional, Technical, Operational
- ITS provides for Operational flexibility

ITS provides operational flexibility:

By Managing <u>existing</u> Infrastructure at lower costs

Problem: (example)

Congestion in Boston

Traditional Solution:

\$14billion Big Dig Infrastructure

ITS Solution: (example)

Congestion Pricing

How Flexibility Provided:

- More cost-effective ways to mitigate problem
- Option of change/abandon exercised easily in future

ITS provides operational flexibility:

Allows <u>sharing</u> of information

Problem: (example)

- Limited leveraging of ITS capabilities: only sharing of fragmented info feeds
 - Different organizations have individual equipment
- System upgrades expensive and difficult

Recommendation for better ITS:

- common data gathering
 - Integrated data sourcing infrastructure => Cost effective O&M

How Flexibility Provided:

- Provides way to manage uncertainties as an integrated team
- Less risk aversion and flexibility to take on projects BOSTON ITS ARCHITECTURE



FHWA Final Rule

Boston met Final Rule – but not enough on operations/standards

Set of standardized components

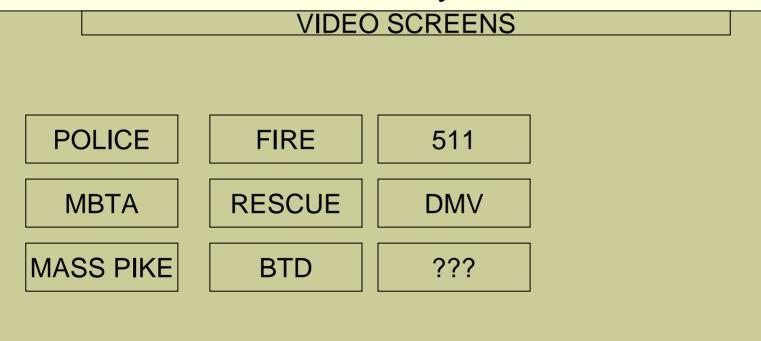
- Each region chooses according to need
- Why not do this with institutional structures/O&M?
- Technical, institutional integration strategies
 - No mention of Operations and Management
 - No definitions for design standards
 - FTA Final Rule and Transportation Planning Policy separate
- Upgrading existing systems discouraged
 - Why not provide for O&M/institutional upgrade?

BOSTON ITS ARCHITECTURE



Consolidated Operations Center

- Multiple agencies work together
- Share information directly.



Conclusion

Consolidated Operations Center

- Updated use of technology
 - Pedestrian/Bike Safety
 - CVO/Port Safety and Security
 - Pricing
 - Congestion and Parking
 - Wireless LAN

QUESTIONS???

Whenever you have an efficient government, you have a dictatorship.

Harry S Truman (1884 - 1972), Lecture at Columbia University, 28 Apr. 1959